

DIRECTIVE No. 1032/2024
Salt Marketing Control Directive (Amendment)
Directive No.1032/2024

WHEREAS, the decision passed on salt processing factories to operate solely in salt producing areas has restricted competitive trade;

WHEREAS, the foreign currency needed for the procurement of Naphtali has created a problem on salt transaction by exposing salt processors for higher expenses;

WHEREAS, it has become necessary to prevent unnecessary shortage of salt in the market created due to the hording of salt by traders;

NOW, THEREFORE, in order to achieve these objectives by amending the existing Salt Marketing Control Directive No. 962/2023, the Ministry of Trade and Regional Integration has issued this Directive pursuant to the provisions of Article 22 (1) (b) and 19 (4) of the Definitions of Powers and Duties of the Executive Organs Proclamation No. 1263 /2021.

1. Short Title

This Directive may be cited as the “Salt Marketing Control Directive (Amendment) Directive No.1032/2024.”

2. Amendment

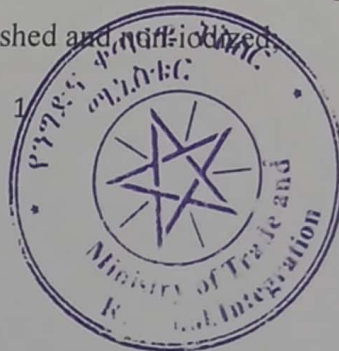
The Salt Marketing Control Directive No. 962/2023 is hereby amended as follows.

1. Sub-article (3) of Article 2 is deleted and replaced by the following new sub-article 3.

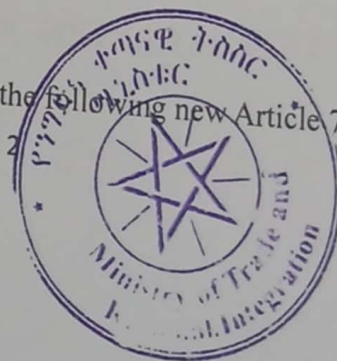
“3/ “Salt Processing Factory” means a factory situated in any part of the country that:-

a) Supply washed and iodized salt in wholesale directly to the market or to food processing industries in 50 kilo gram package labeling that it is iodized;

b) Supply Washed raw salt in wholesale to industries as input by packing in 50 kg package and labeling that it is washed and non-iodized.



- (c) Process and supply import substitute or export table salt to the market;”
2. Sub-article (5) of Article 2 is deleted and replaced by the following new sub-article (5).
“5/ “wholesaler” means any trader who purchase salt from salt processing factories and distribute it to small scale processors or retailers;”
3. Sub-article 10 of Article 2 is deleted and sub-article 11 is renumbered as sub-article 10 and amended as follows.
“10/ “Food Industry Input Salt” means iodize salt supplied to food manufacturing industries for food processing purposes;
4. Sub-article 12 of Article 2 is renumbered as sub-article 11 and amended as follows.
“11/ “Industry input salt” means unwashed and non-iodized salt supplied for industry input packed with salt product marking bags describing that it is not intended for food processing purposes;
5. Sub-article 13 of Article 2 is renumbered as sub-article 12 and amended as follows.
“12/ “Salt product marking” means without prejudice to other product description requirements, a description on the packing bag that the salt is unwashed, iodize or industry input salt;
6. Sub-articles 14 to 19 of Article 2 are renumbered as sub-articles 13 to 18 respectively.
7. The following new sub-article (8) is added under Article 4 and the former sub-article (8) is renumbered as sub-article (9).
“8/ Put in place modern salt marketing system;”
8. Sub-article (3) of Article 6 is deleted and replaced by the following new sub-article 3.
“3/Control that unwashed and washed salt is dispatched from the producing area for industry input packed with a bag describing that it is not intended for food processing purposes;”
9. Article 7 is deleted and replaced by the following new Article 7.



“7. Obligation of Raw Salt producer

Raw salt producer shall produce salt timely and in the required quality and supply in wholesale to salt processing factories and industries with packing bags describing that it is not intended for food processing purposes;”

10. Articles 8 and 9 are deleted and Articles 10 to 19 are renumbered as Articles 8 to 17 respectively.

11. Sub-article (3) of Article 10 is renumbered as sub-article (3) of Article 8 and amended as follows.

“3/ Supply iodized and packed salt to food manufacturing industries and small processors through wholesalers;”

12. Sub-article (7) of Article 10 renumbered as sub-article (7) of Article 8 is deleted.

13. Sub-article (3) of Article 11 is renumbered as sub-article (3) of Article 9 and amended as follows.

“3/ Make the necessary effort to prevent the shortage of salt and maintain stable salt marketing.

3. Effective Date

This Directive shall come into force on the date of its registration by the Ministry of Justice and upon uploading on the website of the Ministry.

Done at Addis Ababa, this 3rd day of December 2024

KASSAHUN GOFE BALAMI (Ph.D.)



**MINISTER OF TRADE AND REGIONAL INTEGRATION OF THE
FEDERAL DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF ETHIOPIA;**